

THE KAVERY ENGINEERING COLLEGE
(An Autonomous Institution)

M.E DEGREE END SEMESTER THEORY EXAMINATIONS, NOV /DEC 2024

First Semester

Power System Engineering

PPST2413 – System Theory

Regulations – 2024

Duration : 3 Hrs

Maximum : 100 Marks

PART – A (ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS) (Marks 10*2=20)

Q.No	Questions	BLT	CO	Marks
1.	Differentiate linear and nonlinear systems.	UN	1	2
2.	Interrupt the concept of state and state variable.	UN	1	2
3.	How the eigen vectors are calculated when eigen values are different?	RE	2	2
4.	If $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & a \\ a & 0 \end{bmatrix}$ what is e^{At} .	AN	2	2
5.	Mention the significance of observability test.	RE	3	2
6.	Define reducibility.	RE	3	2
7.	How to define stability in sense of Lyapunov?	UN	4	2
8.	When does a non-linear system become asymptotically stable?	UN	4	2
9.	How the placement of pole affects the stability of the system?	UN	5	2
10.	Draw the schematic diagram of a state feedback control system.	RE	5	2

PART – B (ANSWER ALL QUESTIONS) (Marks 5*13 = 65)

Q.No	Questions	BLT	CO	Marks
11.	a Analyze the state model of an armature-controlled DC motor. Or b A system has the transfer function $\frac{y(s)}{u(s)} = \frac{1}{s^3 + 10s^2 + 27s + 18}$. Determine the state model by any one of the methods.	AN	1	13
12.	a For a system represented by state equation $\dot{X}(t) = AX(t)$, the response is $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-2t} \\ -2e^{-2t} \end{bmatrix}$ where $X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $X(t) = \begin{bmatrix} e^{-t} \\ -e^{-t} \end{bmatrix}$ when $X(0) = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$. Determine the system matrix A and the state transition matrix. Or b The system matrix A of a discrete time system is given by $A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -3 \end{bmatrix}$. Compute the state transition matrix A^k using Cayley Hamilton theorem.	AN	2	13
13.	a Consider the following system $\dot{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & -1 & 0 \\ -3 & 0 & -2 \\ 12 & 7 & 6 \end{bmatrix} x + \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} u$ and $c = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$. Check the controllability and observability condition. Or	AN	3	13

- b Convert the following state model into Jordan canonical form and therefore comment on controllability and observability. AN 3 13

$$\dot{x}(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \\ -2 & -4 & -3 \end{bmatrix} x(t) + \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} u(t).$$

$$y(t) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} x(t).$$

14. a Discuss about Lyapunov's direct method for the stability analysis of nonlinear systems. UN 4 13

Or

- b Describe Krasovskii and variable gradient method for constructing Lyapunov function. UN 4 13

15. a Describe the effect of feedback on controllability and observability. UN 5 13

Or

- b Explain about full order and reduced order observer. UN 5 13

*PART - C (Marks 1*15 = 15)*

Q.No	Questions	BLT	CO	Marks
16. a	The desired observer poles are located at $s = -6, s = -6, s = -6$. Obtain the transfer function of the observer controller.	AN	5	15
	Or			
b	Consider the system described the state model $\dot{X} = AX, Y = CX$ where $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}$ and $C = [1 \ 0]$. Design a full order state observer. The desired eigen values for the observer matrix are $\mu_1 = -5$ and $\mu_2 = -5$.	AN	5	15